SPAR - BRAMPTON (SSS)

9445 AIRPORT RD

Critical Items List

SRMS

CIL Ref#: 3061

Revision: 0

FMEA Rev: 0

BRAMPTON ONTARIO LESAUS

System: 8RMS

Subsystem: ELECTRICAL SUB-5Y5TEM

Assembly Desc: Servo Power Amplifier

Part Number(s): 51140F1177-3

51140F1177-5

Hern:

Function: Motor Drive Amplifier Assembly

Provides motor voltage based on demand from tachometer electronics.

Commutates the motor drive voltage. Provides hardware current limiting, brake drive, direct drive functions and enables backup drive. Provides BITE circuits and

BITE verification for MDA.

Failure Mode: Buck Regulator Shunt FET failed open.

HW Func. Screen Failures

Criticality: 3 2R As

Mission Phase: Orbit

Cause(s): Motor Drive Amplifier Assembly

Shant FET falled open.

Failure effect on unit/end item:

Redundant shunt FET still available. Increased Buck Regulator output impedance in backdrive. No effect in forward drive. For subsequent failure, backdrive return path is lost and the MDA will be unable to control the buck regulator voltage in backdrive.

Worst Case: No effect until subsequent failure.

idundant Paths: Redundant shunt FET.

tetention Rationale

Design:

Discrete semiconductor devices are specified to at least the TX level of MiL-S-19500. Samples of all procured lots/date codes are subjected to destructive physical analysis (DPA) to verify the integrity of the manufacturing processes. Particle impact Noise Detection (PIND) screening is performed on microcircuits, transistor and diodes that are mounted in a package with an internal cavity construction. The purpose of the test is to detect loose particles in the package, usually resulting from the assembly process. Device stress levels are detailed in accordance with SPAR-RMS-PA.003 and verified by design review.

The SPA board is fabricated using Surface Mount Technology (SMT). This is a PVVB essembly technology in which the components are soldered to the solder pads on the surface of the PVVB. The significant edwantage of this technology is to enable the parts on the board to be more densely packed, to reduce to overall volume and weight of the assembly.

The assembly process is highly automated. The parts are mounted on the beards using a computer controlled "pick and place" machine. The subsequent soldering operation is performed using a belt furnace, in which the time and temperature thermal profile that the PWB assembly is exposed to is tightly controlled and optimized to ensure proper part soldering attachment. The assembly is manufactured under documented procedures and quality controls. These controls are exercised throughout the assembly, inspection, and testing of the unit. This inspection includes workmanship, component mounting, soldering, and conformal coating to ensure that it is in accordance with the NHB 5300 standards.

The SMT line used for the SPA PWB assembly has undergone a full qualification program, and essembles produced on this line are used in other space programs.

The circuit board design has been reviewed to ensure adequate conductor width and separation and to confirm appropriate dimensions of solder pads and of component hold provisions. Parts mounting methods are controlled in accordance with MSFC-STD-154A, MSFC-STD-136 and SASD 2573751. These documents require approved mounting methods, stress relief and component security.

Test:

QUALIFICATION TESTS - The SPA is subjected to the following qualification testing:
VIBRATION: Each sxis of the QM is subjected to Flight Acceptance Vibration Test (FAVT), Qualification Acceptance Vibration Test (QAVT), and Qualification Vibration Tests (QVT) in accordance with the SPA Vibration Test Procedure (826586). The level and duration for FAVT is as per Figure 5 and Table 2 of 826586; the level and duration for QAVT is as per Figure 8 and Table of 826586. At the end of the three successive random vibration test in each axis, both directions (*/-) of each of the

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axis is subjected to a shock pulse test as per Figure 9 of 826586.

THERMALVACUUM: QM TVAC Test is in accordance with Figure 5 of the SPA TVAC Test Procedure (826568), with full Functional/Parametric Test performed at levels of +50 degrees C and -35 degrees C, and non-operating at -54 degrees C. The Qualification vacuum levels during TVAC is 1X10⁻⁵ formor less. The total test duration is 7 1/2 cycles. The QM SPA is subjected to a minimum of 1000 hours of life testing and 1000 power On-Off cycles.

EMC: The QM is subjected to EMC Testing (tests CE01/CE03, CE07, CS01, CS02, CS06, RE02, RS02, and RS03) in accordance with the SPA EMC test Procedure (828477) based on MIL-STD-461A.

UNIT FLIGHT ACCEPTANCE TESTS - The FM SPA is subjected to the following acceptance testing:

VIBRATION: FM Acceptance Vibration Test (AVT) in accordance with the SPA Vibration Test Procedure (826596), with level and duration at per Figure 6 and Table 2 of 826586.

THERMAL/VACUUM: FM TVAC Test is in accordance with Figure 6 of the SPA TVAC Test Procedure (826588), with levels of +49 degrees and -25 degrees C for a duration of 1 t/2 cycles. The vacuum levels during Acceptance TVAC Test is 1X10**-5 terr or less.

JOINT SRU TESTS - The SPA is tested as part of the joints (ambient and vibration tests only). The ambient ATP for the Shoulder Joint, Elbow Joint, and Wrist Joint are as per ATP.2001, ATP.2003, and ATP.2006 respectively. The vibration test for the Shoulder Joint, and Elbovor Wrist Joint are as per ATP.2002, ATP.2004 and ATP.2006 respectively. Through wire function, continuity and electingal isolation tests are performed per TP.283.

MECHANICAL ARM REASSEMBLY - The SPA's/Joints undergo a mechanical arm integration stage where electrical checks are performe per TP.2007.

MECHANICAL ARM TESTING - The outgoing spill-arm to configured on the Strongback and the Manipulator Arm Checkout is performed per ATP.1932.

FLIGHT CHECKOUT: PDRS OPS Checkout (all vehicles) JSC 16987.

Inspection:

Units are manufactured under documented quality controls. These controls are exercised throughout design procurement, planning, receiving, processing, fabrication, assembly, testing and shipping of the units. Mandatory inspection points are employed at various stages of fabrication, assembly, and test. Government source inspection is invoked at various control tevels.

EEE parts inspection is performed as required by SPAR-RMS-PA.003. Each EEE part is qualified at the part level to the requirements applicable specification. All EEE parts are 100% screened and burned-in, as a minimum, as required by SPAR-RMS-PA.003, by the supplicitly performed as required by PA.003 on a randomly selected 5% of parts, maximum 5 pieces, minimum 3 pieces for each lot number/da., code of parts received. All cavity devices are subjected to 100% PIND. Wire is procured to specification Mit-W-22759 or Mit-W-81381 and inspected and tested to NASA JSCM8090 Standard Number 95A.

Receiving inspection verifies that all parts received are as identified in the procurement documents, that no physical damage has occurred by parts during shipment, that the receiving documents provide adequate traceability information and screening data clearly identifies acceptable parts.

Parts are inspected throughout manufacture and assembly as appropriate to the manufacturing stage completed. These inspections include:

Printed circuit board inspection for track separation, damage and adequacy of plated through holes, component mounting inspection for correct soldering, wire looping, strapping, stc. Operators and inspectors are trained and certified to NASA NHB 5300.4(3A-1) Standard.

Conformal coating inspection for adequate processing is performed using ultraviolet light techniques. P.C. Board installation inspection include checks for correct board installation, alignment of boards, proper connector contact matting, wire routing, strapping of wires etc. Post P.C. Board installation inspection includes cheminess and workmenship (Spar/government rep. mandatory inspection point).

Unit Pre-Acceptance Test inspection, which includes an audit of lower iter inspection completion, as built configuration verification to as design atc (mandatory inspection point). A unit Test Readiness Review (TRR) which includes verification of test personnel, test documents, test equipment catibration/validation status and hardware configuration is convened by QA in conjunction with Engineering, Reliability, Configuration Control, Supplier as applicable, and the government representative, prior to the start of any formal testing (Acceptance or Qualification). Unit level Acceptance Testing (ATP) includes ambient performance, thermal and vibration testing (Spar/government rep. mandatory inspection point).

Integration of unit to Joint SRU - Inspections include grounding checks, connectors for bent or pushback contacts, visual, cleanliness, interconnect wring and power up test to the appropriate Joint Inspection Test Procedure (ITP). Joint level Pre-Acceptance Test Inspection, includes an audit of lower tier inspection completion, as built configuration verification to as design ato. Joint level Acceptance Testing (ATP) includes ambient and vibration testing (Span/government rep. mandatory inspection point).

Mechanical Arm Reassembly - the integration of mechanical arm subassemblies to form the assembled arm. Inspections are performed at each phase of integration which includes electrical checks, through wiring checks, wiring routing, interface connectors for bent or pushback contacts etc. Mechanical Arm Testing - Strongback and flat floor ambient performance test (Sparigovernment rep. mandatory inspection point

OMRSD Offline: None.

OMRSD Online Nane.

Installation:

OMRSD Online None.

Turnaround:

Presered:

Supersedes: N/A

25Sep96 by Fung, BIII

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Screen Fallure: A: Open circuit cannot be detected because redundant hardware items are parellel connected and are not individually instrumented.

B: Open circuit cannot be detected because redundant hardware items are parallel connected and are not individually instrumented.

Crew Training: The crew will be trained to always observe whether the arm is responding properly to commands. If it isn't, apply brakes.

Crew Action: None.

Operational Effect: None. Arm will not stop automatically after a subsequent failure. Unannunciated.

Constraints:

Approvals:					
unctional Group	Name	Position	Telephone	Date Signed	Status
ngineer	Hiltz, Michael / SPAR-BRAMPTON	Systems Engineer	4534	O8Mar95	Signed
Reliability	Molgaard, Lena / SPAR-BRAMPTON	Reliability Engineer	4590	06Mar98	Signed
rogram Management Offic	Rice, Cralg / SPAR-BRAMPTON	Technical Program Manager	4892	06Mar98	Signed
ubsystem Manager	Glenn, George / JSC-ER	RMS Subsystem Manager	(251) 483-1516	30Mar98	Signed
echnical Manager	Allision, Ron/JSC-MV9	RMS Project Engineer JSC	(713) 483-4072	09Apr98	Signed

RMS STAR ENGINEER OFETY+ MISSION ASSURANCE COAN, DAVID/SSC-NCL

(24) 403-7979 30 METT Share Co

Supersedes: N/A